

The China Mail.

Established February, 1845.

VOL. XXXVIII. No. 5909.

財六廿月六年二十八百八千一英

HONGKONG, MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1882.

日一十月五年午王

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALDAR, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E.C. GEORGE STREET & CO., 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GOTCH, Ludgate Circus, E.C. BATES HENRY & CO., 31, Wardrobe, E.C. SAMUEL DEACON & CO., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—GALLIEN & PRINCE, 36, Rue Lafayette, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 133, Nassau Street.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally.—BEAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—SAYLE & CO., Square, Singapore. C. HEINZEN & CO., Manila.

CHINA.—Muzio, Messrs A. A. DE MELLO & CO., Sinciau, Campbell & CO., Amoy, Wilson, Nicholls & CO., Foochow, Heude & CO., Ningpo, Kuan, Lane, Crawford & CO., and Kelly & Walsh, Yokohama, Lane, Crawford & CO.

Banks.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£1,500,000.

LONDON BANKERS:

BANK OF ENGLAND.

UNION BANK OF LONDON.

BANK OF SCOTLAND, LONDON.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DE-

POSITIVE.

At 3 months' notice 3% per Annum.

" 12 " " 4 1/2 " "

" 12 " " 5 " "

Current Accounts kept on Terms which may be learnt on application.

Hongkong, June 1, 1882.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING

CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$5,000,000 Dollars.

RESERVE FUND.....\$2,100,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman.—H. L. DALMORY, Esq.

Deputy Chairman.—W.M. REINERS, Esq.

H. HOPKINS, Esq. | M. E. SASOON, Esq.

H. F. B. JOHNSON, C. VINTON SMITH,

A. P. MCGRATH, Esq. | E. B. M. S. CO.

A. MOYER, Esq. | W. S. YOUNG, Esq.

F. D. SASOON, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong,... THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.

MANAGER.

Shanghai,... EWEN CAMERON, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS.—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

O N Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits:

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.

" 6 " " 4 1/2 " "

" 12 " " 5 per cent. " "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the other Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation,

No. 1, Queen's Road East.

Hongkong, March 22, 1882.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMpte DE PARIS.

(Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1848.)

RECOGNISED by the INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION of 30th APRIL, 1862.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....£3,200,000.

RESERVE FUND.....£800,000.

HEAD OFFICE—14, RUE BEBERGE,

PARIS.

AGENCIES and BRANCHES at:

LONDON, BOURBON, SAN FRANCISCO,

MARSEILLE, BOMBAY, HONGKONG,

LYONS, CALGARY, HANOW,

NANTES, SHANGHAI, FOOCHOW,

MELBOURNE, and SYDNEY.

LONDON BANKERS.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

MISSES C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be ascertained on application, grants Drafts and Credits on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking Exchange Business.

F. COCHINARD,

Agent, Hongkong.

Hongkong, February 8, 1882.

NOTICE.

WE HAVE BEEN APPOINTED AGENTS for the

MITSU BUSSAN KAISHA,

of Tokio, at Their Post.

GEO. R. STEVENS & CO.

Hongkong, February 1, 1882.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of

T. MR. CHARLES KAHN in our Firm

CHANGED on the 30th April, 1882.

REISS & CO.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1882.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

UNDER instructions from the More GAOES, Mr. J. M. GUEDES will Sell by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY,

the 30th of June, 1882, at 3 p.m., at the Premises,—

A VALUABLE PIECE OF GROUND, measuring on the North-East 39 feet 6 inches, on the South-West 39 feet 6 inches, on the North-West 45 feet 7 inches, and on the South-East 46 feet 6 inches, and registered in the Land Office as SECTION B of SUB-SECTION No. 1 of SECTION C of INLAND LOT No. 52. Together with the SUBSTANTIAL HOUSE known as Tenement No. 11, COCHRANE STREET, thereon.

The PREMISES are held from the Crown for the Residue of the term of 75 years, and for the further term of 92 years, at the apportioned Annual Rental of \$8, and will be Sold subject to the existing Tenancies and Lettings thereof.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer;

or to BRETERTON & WOTTON,
Solicitors, 29, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, June 24, 1882. jy30

PUBLIC AUCTION OF VALUABLE PROPERTY

IN PLATA EAST.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from the SECOND MORTGAGEE to Sell by Public Auction, on

SATURDAY,

the 1st day of July, 1882, at 3 p.m., on the Premises,—

Subject to an INDENTURE of MORTGAGE, dated the 22nd of September, 1870, for the sum of \$80,000 and Interest due thereon,

ALL THAT PIECE OR PARCEL OF GROUND,

Situate at Victoria, Hongkong, registered in the Land Office as MARINE LOT No. 65. Together with the 4 Substantially Built HOUSES known as the BLUE BUILDINGS, and 4 Large Granite GODOWNS, in PLATA, with 17 HOUSES in QUEEN'S ROAD EAST. Monthly Rental for the above HOUSES \$1,025.

The PREMISES are held from the Residue of the term of 92 years created by a Crown Lease, dated the 14th July, 1861.

For further Particulars and Conditions of Sale, apply to J. M. GUEDES,
Auctioneer;

or to BRETERTON & WOTTON,
Solicitors for the Mortgage.

Hongkong, June 16, 1882. jy1

For Sale.

FOR SALE.

A. RAUTERT MAINZ DELICIOUS TABLE BEER,
4 doz. & Case CHAMPAGNE BOTTLES.

\$11. " Case CHAMPAGNE.

Apply to SANDER & CO.

Hongkong, March 30, 1882.

FOR SALE.

MESSRS W. & J. LOCKETT'S Celebrated BRANDS. THOMPSON'S Export PALE ALE, and FINGER'S *** DUBLIN STOUT in Pints and Quarts. Fine OLD PORT, in Cases of 1 dozen.

Also,

SILLERY MOUSSEAU VIN DE CHAMPAIGNE, in Cases 2 dozen Pints and 1 dozen Quarts.

GEORGE STEVENS & CO.

Hongkong, February 1, 1882.

FOR SALE.

AMERICAN NOVELTY COMPANY. New York, San Francisco, Sydney and Hongkong Depot for the World's Patented Articles.

MARINE HOUSE, Queen's Road, HONGKONG.

IMPORTERS and MANUFACTURERS of NOVELTIES, TOYS, YANKEE NOTIONS, CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELLERY, CUTLERY, STATIONERY, WIREWARE, ELECTRO-PLATED GOODS, ARTICLES of Useful Invention; ORGANS, PATENT ORGANETTES, RUBBER GOODS, AMERICAN TRUNKS, &c., &c.

General purchasing Agents for every description of American Goods.

BUSINESS EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE.

S. B. LEWIS, Manager.

Hongkong, June 16, 1882.

FOR SALE.

JULES MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE. Quarts.....\$17 per 1 doz. Case. Pints.....\$18 per 4 dozen.

GILMAN & Co.

Hongkong, June 23, 1882.

FOR SALE.

B. & E. PERRIER'S CHAMPAGNE. Pints.....\$18 per 4 dozen Case. 1 Pint.....\$19 per 4 dozen.

GILMAN & Co.

Hongkong, June 23, 1882.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the Sale of their GOODS by Messrs KYNOCH & CO., of Weston, near BIRMINGHAM.

MEYER & CO.

Hongkong, July 22, 1882.

For Sale.

EX LATE ARRIVALS.

FRESH LEMONS.

BATHING DRESSES.

LADIES' TENNIS SHOES.

LIGHT CANVAS BOATING SHOES.

WHITE CANVAS SHOES for SUMMER.

ESTHETIC LAWN TENNIS HATS, Latest Novelty.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

For Sale.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co.
No. 53, Queen's Road East,
(OPPOSITE THE COMMISSIONERATE),
ARE NOW LANDING, EX-
BRITISH BARQUE
"STILLWATER."

DEVOE'S NONPARIEL
BRILLIANT
KEROSENE OIL,
150° test.

SPARTAN COOKING
STOVES.
FAIRBANKS SCALES.
OAKUM.
TAR.

TURPENTINE

EX "AMERICAN MAIL."

CALIFORNIA.
RACKER
COMPANY'S BISCUITS in 5 lb
tins, and boxes.

Alphabetical BIS-
CUITS.

Fancy Sweet Mixed
BISCUITS.

Ginger CAKES.

Soda BISCUITS.

Oyster BISCUITS.

Cracked WHEAT.
OATMEAL

HOMINY.

CORNMEAL

TOPOCAN BUTTER.
Eastern and California CHEESE.

Boneless CODFISH.

Prime HAMS and BACON.

Eagle Brand Condensed MILK.

PEACH and APPLE BUTTER.

Pickled OX-TONGUES.

Family PIG DOWNS legs and pieces.

Paragon MACKEREL in 5 lb cans.

Bean Ideal SALMON in 5 lb cans.

Cutting a Dossart FRUITS in 2½ lbs.

Potted SAUSAGE and Sausage.

MEAT.

Stuffed PEPPERS.

Assorted PICKLES.

MINCEMEAT.

GUMB HONEY in Original France.

Richardson's Robbin's Celebrated Potted

MEATS.

Richardson & Robbin's Curried OYSTERS.

Lunch TONGUE.

McCarthy's Sugar LEMONADE.

Clam CHOWDER.

Smoked SALMON.

Green TURTLE in 3½ lb cans.

&c., &c.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF STORES,

including:

TEYSSONNAE'S DESSERT FRUITS.

ALMONDS AND RAISINS.

PICNIC TONGUES.

COCAOTINA.

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA.

LIEBHOLD & EDE'S COCOA.

FRENCH PLUMS.

PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

MINCEMEAT.

SAUSAGES.

BRAWN.

ISIGNY BUTTER.

DANISH BUTTER.

BREAKFAST TONGUES.

ANCHOVIES.

ASPARAGUS.

SOUPS, &c.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

CHAMPAGNES—

HENRIOT'S MONOPOLE & WHITE

SEAL.

VEUVE CLICQUOT PONSARDIN.

JULES MUMM & Co., pints & quarts.

OLARETS—

CHATEAU MARGAUX.

CHATEAU LA ROSE, pints & quarts.

CHATEAU LAFITE.

1881 GRAVES, "

BREAKFAST CLARET," "

SHERRIES & PORT—

SACCOMI'S MANZANILLA & AMON-

TILLADO.

SACCOMI'S OLD INVALID PORT

(1848).

HUNT'S PORT.

BRANDY, WHISKY, LIQUEURS, &c.

1 and 3 star HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

BIQUIT DUBOUCHÉ & Co.'s BRANDY.

FINE OLD BOURBON WHISKY.

KINAHAN'S OLD WHISKY.

ROYAL GLENLEE WHISKY.

CHARTRREUSE.

MARASCHINO.

CURACAO.

ANGOSTURA, BAKER'S and ORANGE

BITTERS, &c., &c.

BASS'S ALE, bottled by CAMERON and

SAUNDERS, pints and quarts.

GUINNESS'S STOUT, bottled by E. &

J. BREWER, pints and quarts.

PILSENER BEER, in quarts.

DRAUGHT ALE and PORTER, by the

Gallon.

ALE and PORTER, in hogsheads.

SPECIALLY SELECTED

CIGARS.

Fine New Season's CUMSHAW TEA, in

5 and 10 cent Boxes.

BREAKFAST CONGOU @ 25 cents p. lb.

SEASIDE LIBRARY, 15 to 25 cents.

FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, 15 to

25 cents.

MILNER'S PATENT FIRE-PROOF

SAFES, and CASH BOXES, at

Manufacturer's Price.

Hongkong, June 1, 1882.

Mails.

U. S. MAIL LINE
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP
COMPANY.

THROUGH to NEW YORK, via
OVERLAND RAILWAYS, and touching
at YOKOHAMA, and SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned having been appointed
Agents for the above Company are
prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against
FIRE at Current Rates.

Insurances.

THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE IN-
SURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
CAPITAL, £2,000,000. PAID-UP, £200,000.
PAID-UP RESERVE FUND, £50,000.

THE Undersigned having been appointed
Agents for the above Company are
prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against
FIRE at Current Rates.

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.

Hongkong, January 1, 1882.

Rooftop Pedder's Wharf,—

1882.

To-day's Advertisements.

FOR SHANGHAI.

The Steamship
"Ningpo,"
Captain R. Cass, will be
despatched for the above
Port TO-MORROW, the 27th Instant, at
Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

SIEMSEN & Co.

Hongkong, June 26, 1882.

jy27

FOR MANILA VIA AMOY.

The Steamship
"Enderbury,"
Captain Talbot, will be
despatched for the above
Port TO-MORROW, the 27th Inst., at
Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, June 26, 1882.

jy27

FOR AMOY AND TAIWANFOO.

The Steamship
"Albatross,"
Captain Godard, will be
despatched for the above
Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 28th Inst., at
Noon, instead of as previously advertised.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

Hongkong, June 26, 1882.

jy28

NOTICE.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

STEAM FOR

SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,
COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA,
PORT SAID, SYRIAN PORTS,
NAPLES, MARSEILLES, AND PORTS
OF BRAZIL, AND LA PLATA;

ALSO,

BOMBAY, MAHE, ST. DENIS, AND
PORT LOUIS.

the 2nd July, at 3 p.m., at the Pro-
mises.

THAT VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PRO-
PERTY comprising SECTION D of MA-
RINE LOT No. 16, and SUBSECTION 3 of
SECTION A of MARINE LOT No. 16A.

The PREMISES are held from the Crown for

the residue of the term of 991 years,

and will be sold subject to the existing

Tenancies and Lettings thereof.

For Further Particulars and Conditions

of Sale, apply to

J. M. GUEDES,

Auctioneer;

or to

BRERETON & WOTTON,

Solicitors, 29, Queen's Road.

Hongkong, June 26, 1882.

jy29

PUBLIC AUCTION.

A VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PRO-
PERTY will be Sold by Mr. J.

M. GUEDES by Public Auction, on

FRIDAY,

the 6th July, at 3 p.m., on the

Premises, under instructions from the

MORTGAGE.

THE PREMISES comprise that PORTION of

MAINELOT No. 34, abutting on the

South on JEVANS SPUR, and measuring

thereon 40 feet 9 inches, and measuring

on the North 28 feet, 9 feet 6 inches,

and 49 feet 8 inches, and on the West 51

feet 6 inches, and are registered in the

Land Office as SECTION A of MARINE

It is believed that the difference between Li Hung Chang and Viceroy Chang (late of Canton province) is not so slight as the Tientsin correspondent of the *Mercury* appears to think it is. As may be remembered, Liu Kwan-yu, a former Viceroy of Kwangtung, fell foul of the great Li, and, not being sufficiently backed up, came to grief. Under those circumstances, it may naturally be inferred that Chang (Chu Sheng, if he has attacked Li Hung Chang, has done so after having looked well to support from high quarters. There seems, however, to be the greatest difficulty in obtaining authentic information relative to party movements in China; and beyond the fact that Li has an abundance of enemies, little or nothing can be ascertained that is really indisputable or absolutely reliable. If he has been attacked, he will doubtless come out of the ordeal as he has done before.

MANY of our readers here as elsewhere will learn with sincere regret of the sudden death of Mr Henry Smith, Chief Accountant of the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank here. Mr Smith had been somewhat unwell for some time back, but nothing serious was believed to be amiss with him. It may be said indeed that he died in harness, for he was at work up to the last. About noon yesterday, he was chatting with one of the European assistants, and seemed to be in his usual good spirits. A few minutes afterwards, he appears to have walked across the room for some papers, when he was struck down with an apoplectic fit, and must have died almost instantaneously. Before assistance could be procured, or as soon as Dr. Löschbeck (who was the first medical man brought in) arrived, Mr Smith had ceased to breathe. Deceased was one of the oldest officers of the Bank, having joined when the Corporation (or Company rather) was opened; and he had lived not only to see it rise to a high position, but to earn for himself the esteem of all above him as well as the regard of all his subordinates and juniors. The very soul of good-nature and kindness, he was popular among all classes, and there were very few who had not a good word for him, in business relations as well as in social intercourse. He was a Past-Master of the Victoria Lodge of Freemasons, and was M. E. Z. of the Cathay Chapter; and had it been attainable, his brethren of the craft would have been greatly pleased to have rendered special respect to his remains. As it was, many of the brethren attended at his funeral in the Protestant Cemetery this morning, together with other friends who had received notice in time to do so. The suddenness of Mr Smith's death cast quite a gloom over the commercial community.

SIGNORI PINELLI, soprano singer of the Italian Opera Co., died to-day (22d), a victim of the disease which almost since her arrival here has confined her to bed. The assistance of the doctors and the care of two lady artists (with whom she lived, and who were to her as sister or mother), as well as the assistance of the other members of the Company and friends, could not overcome the tenacity and the progress of the ailment, which at last carried this young artist to the grave. She was an orphan, and had no associates but her companions, who loved and respected her. The Manila community has not as yet known her as an artist, as she had only been once at a rehearsal of *La Sonnambula*, the piece which she was to have made her debut, but she fell severely sick the next day. Many disasters have been sustained by the Opera Company since their arrival at Manila. The death of Signor Vanzetti first, and that of Signora Pinelli next, have deprived the Opera Company of two powerful assistants, causing at the same time the natural commotion and disorder in the other artists, who, distant from their homes, have seen disappear from their view in a few days, those whom they held in high esteem. The Company, in view of the late disaster, will not resume their performances until Sunday next.—*Comercio*.

The following letter from the Chief Secretary's Office, of the South Australian Government appears in the *Gazette*:

Adelaide, 2nd May, 1882.

Sir.—At the instance of the Customs Department of the Colony, I have the honor to draw your attention to the necessity of any natural born British subjects who may leave Hongkong for this Province to provide themselves with Official Certificates to that effect prior to their departure from that place, in order to avoid paying the Poll-tax. I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, J. C. Bray.

The Ningpo Assault case.—We regret that our informant, from a correspondent in Ningpo, as published in last night's (16th) paper, was incorrect in respect of the Australian subject who was in company with the three American naval captains. We were informed that the Australian belonged to the *Aero-Hong*, but that is not the case, and we hardly make the connection. The captain of the Chinese gurkha was received a little better when the *Kinglung* left. We understand that the foreign community generally are not in danger. We hear at the same time that it was the naval captain who committed the offence referred to.—*Shanghai Mercury*.

Law Notice.
IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONGKONG.

(Before the Hon. G. Phillipps, Chief Justice.)

Tuesday, 27th June, 10.30 a.m. In the name of Francis Harry Owen Wilson, Motion to be admitted an Attorney and Proctor of the Supreme Court of Hongkong.

Probate Jurisdiction.—In the goods of Edward C. Chastel, deceased.—Petition of John Joseph Francis, one of the Executors, for Probate.

In the goods of Ko Moon Wo, deceased. Petition of Ko Kai Shun, for Probate.

INQUEST.

An adjourned inquest was held at the Magistracy this afternoon before the Coroner, H. E. Wedderburn, Esq., and the following gentlemen as a jury: Messrs A. G. Gordon, J. A. Xavier and P. J. Speidel, regarding the death of the man whose body was found on the hillside above Tai Tam Tuk by Inspector Swanton last Wednesday.

Chung Yan Sau, the man who made the report to Inspector Swanton, and who is at present under arrest on suspicion, said he was a fisherman residing at Tai Tam Tuk. On the morning of the 21st instant, while on his way to Choy Wan he observed the small boat of the deceased, his cousin, lying near the rocks without an occupant. Some time ago the deceased told him that he should like to be buried at a spot just immediately above the place where the boat was. Seeing the boat empty, his suspicions were aroused, and he went to the spot the deceased had previously pointed out, and there he saw the deceased lying with all his best clothes on, and a bamboo over his head. He did not go close to where the deceased was lying as he was frightened. He could not say whether he was dead at that time or not. He went back to the village and made a report at the Station. He thought he was dead, as the deceased had said before that he wanted to die, and as he was dressed in his best clothes and boots. When he went back to the place with the Inspector, the deceased was still breathing. The deceased had lived by himself in a boat ever since he became a leper, which was four or five years ago. Witness had reported the death as it was the duty of every man to do, more especially when the dead one was a cousin. Instead of the body being buried as he imagined, and instead of what he had done being thought right, he was charged on suspicion. After his evidence had been read over to him, he said he had omitted to tell the court what he was going to see a friend at Lam Nai Wan before he proceeded to Choy Wan. He bought a coffin for the deceased about twenty days ago for \$2.

Dr. Marques said he had made a post mortem examination of the body. He had found the intestines congested; there was no solid food in the stomach, but he found about half a drachm of whitish fluid which he had handed over to the Government Analyst. The stomach was also in an irritated condition, but there was no visible sign of poisoning. The body had not been examined by any other physician, but the stomach was still preserved by the Analyst.

Chen Asapa, carpenter residing at Stanley, said that on the 25th of May he purchased a coffin from him for \$6.10 of which he paid \$2, saying that the \$2 would be paid by Cheung Yan Sau, the man who found the body. The coffin was still undivided, and he had not been paid the other \$4. On the 21st instant, Cheung Yan Sau visited his shop about 10 o'clock in the morning, and demanded the return of the \$2, which he wanted to assist him to defray the expenses of the funeral. Witness returned the \$2. When the deceased ordered the coffin he said he felt sick, and mentioned that he wanted Cheung Yan Sau to cure him. If he got cured witness was to return the coffin, if he died witness was to receive \$4 more.

Chen Awo said that while engaged with Inspector Swanton making inquiries he overheard the wife of Cheung Yan Sau, the man under arrest, say to another woman that her husband had been trying to cure the deceased, that he had no intention of killing him, and that he had no idea such a serious result would have followed. Her husband had given the deceased some medicine boiled with lard and goat's fat.

CHEUNG YAN SAU, recalled, when asked whether he had ever given any medicine replied in the negative.

Inspector Swanton said that his opinion was that the deceased had engaged to cure the deceased, but as he had given him an overdose of medicine, he went to the deceased's boat, from which he took a rope, and then tied it round the neck of the deceased to make it appear as if he had strangled himself. He thought the explanation of the deceased being dressed in his best clothes, and the presence of joss paper, was that the deceased had prepared himself to die in the event of the cure proving unsuccessful. The man Cheung Yan Sau was now unwilling to admit that he was engaged trying to cure the deceased. He had no further evidence to produce against the second prisoner.

This case was remanded until Monday next, to allow of the Government Analyst sending in his analysis. The Coroner expressed the opinion that he did not think there was anything criminal in the action of the first prisoner.

SUPREME COURT.

IN SUMMARY JURISDICTION.

(Before the Hon. G. Phillipps, Chief Justice.)

Monday, June 26.

CHUN KUI TONG v. HO YIK CHI, \$151.89.

Mr Mossop, of Messrs Dennis & Mossop, appeared for the plaintiff, and the defendant was represented by the Hon. Ng Choy.

Mr Mossop stated that the plaintiff was the master of the *Hsing Lee* European goods shop, Queen's Road Central, and the defendant was a steward employed on board the steamship *Emeralda* trading between Hongkong and Manila. The plaintiff had also a branch shop in Manila, and had been in the habit of buying bills of exchange in Manila and forwarding them to Hongkong. The bills were bought for gold, and through the difference between the value of gold in Manila, and the value of silver, his profit was made. Some time ago the defendant called on the plaintiff in Manila, and said he wanted to purchase a bill for \$400; \$200 of which were paid at the time, while he was to pay the other \$200 in a day or two. The plaintiff then purchased a bill for \$100, and advised his partner in Hongkong to cash the bill and give the defendant the sum of \$400 when called. The defendant received the \$400, but paid only \$63.50 of the remaining \$390. The sum now sued for was the balance of that sum and the commission thereon.

His Lordship asked why the plaintiff did not sue in Manila. Mr Mossop stated that both parties were in the Colony.

Chun Kui Tong, the plaintiff, gave evidence as to the defendant paying \$200 to account, for a bill of exchange of \$400. The defendant promised to pay him the remainder of the amount before his steamer left for Hongkong, but did not fulfil his promise. On his coming to Hongkong some time after he asked the defendant to pay the \$200 but was told by defendant that the money had been paid down by an interpreter of Manila. He told defendant the money had not been received, and the sum of \$63.50 was paid, the defendant saying that he would enquire into the matter when he went back to Manila. The defendant's protest on the transaction would have been \$63.29. The balance had never been paid.

The plaintiff was cross-examined by the Hon. Ng Choy, and in answer to that gentleman said the defendant had conveyed for him from Hongkong to Manila the sums of \$400 and \$500 in silver, on two

separate occasions, on each of which he paid the defendant \$1, for each \$100, and \$2 for every \$100 to an interpreter and officer of the Customs at Manila who brought the money ashore.

The defence set up was that the money was paid to the Spanish interpreter at Manila, who was known as the plaintiff's authorized agent.

His Lordship threw out the opinion that the transaction was illegal, but reserved judgment for a few days.

Police Intelligence.

(Before H. E. Wedderburn, Esq.)

Monday, June 26.

DRUNK AND INCAPABLE.

Frank Hodgson, an American scaman, who admitted having been in an incapable condition yesterday, was fined \$50 cents, or two days' imprisonment.

ASSAULT.

Tsang Apau, committed an assault upon Lau Yu Fat, shop cooler, in the Tai Shin Shop, Third Street, yesterday evening. The complainant stated that the defendant and seven others gave him a beating because a quantity of rice dust ascended to the upper floor, where the defendant lives, and annoyed him. The defendant said he had nothing to do with the assault, and blamed his wife for causing the row. The complainant's story was corroborated, however, and the defendant was fined \$2, or three months' imprisonment with hard labour.

THIEF OF A PAIR OF TROUSERS.

One month's imprisonment with hard labour was imposed on Lo Ayao for stealing one pair of trousers belonging to Yip Ip, widow, who had placed the articles beside the Wanchai Nullah to dry.

THE RESULT OF DEFENDING AN OLD MAN.

America Butler, seaman on board the American ship *Grecian*, was arrested about seven o'clock yesterday evening by P. C. Grieve, who said he had seen the defendant and several others fighting and creating a disturbance in Queen's Road. The defendant said he had seen a man striking an old man, and had taken the old man's part. A fine of 50 cents, or two days' imprisonment was imposed on the defendant.

LARCENY OF A JACKET.

Chen Atai, hawk, was charged with larceny of a jacket on the 25th instant. The thief was a Chin Atung's jacket on the 25th instant. The defendant was identified as the wearer of certain articles which had been stolen from the house of the complainant, and several others fighting and creating a disturbance in Queen's Road. The defendant said he had seen a man striking an old man, and had taken the old man's part. A fine of 50 cents, or two days' imprisonment was imposed on the defendant.

COMMITTEE FOR THAI.

Tsang Tsin, shopkeeper, was charged with stealing a quantity of clothing from At Alai, shop cooler.

The defendant was identified as the wearer of certain articles which had been stolen from the house of the complainant, and several others fighting and creating a disturbance in Queen's Road. The defendant said he had seen a man striking an old man, and had taken the old man's part. A fine of 50 cents, or two days' imprisonment was imposed on the defendant.

MANILA.

(Translated from our Manila "Advertiser.")

The sum of \$14,800 has been voted at home for the acquisition of four mitrailleuses, and four other pieces of ordnance.

With the acquisition of these pieces of ordnance, the gunners will be enabled to defend the city.

OFFICIAL INSTRUCTORS.

Official instructors are requested to be appointed to the Eight Banners. Every prefecture and district is supposed to have its own school of the prophets. The men who fill the post are incapable that need not be expected from them. Were it otherwise, the young Chinese official ideas could be properly taught how to shoot.

The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to Shanghai. The class rooms are for the most part in ruins. The Memorial presented by a Vice President, Fan Kien Lin, is reported that the gun carriages and foreign guns which have been forwarded to the port are not suit, and new four-wheeled carts are ordered to be got ready. From Kao-chow a deficit in money is reported. The money was collected for the apprehension of thieves, but whether it has not all been collected, or if collected, has been spent, is not known. A celebrated Captain in Ching-tung, an opium-smoker, has lately been disengaged drawing pay for 150 soldiers and their assistants who only exist on paper. He has fled to

THE CHINA REVIEW.
PUBLISHED BI-MONTHLY.
TENTH YEAR.

THIS Review, which was intended to meet the wants of many students of Chinese caused by the discontinuance of "Notes and Queries on China and Japan," has reached its Tenth Volume. The Review discusses those topics which are uppermost in the minds of students of the Far East and about which every intelligent person connected with China or Japan is desirous of acquiring trustworthy information. It includes many interesting Notes and original Papers on the Arts, Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History, Literature, Mythology, Natural History, Antiquities, and Social Manners and Customs, etc., etc., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, and the Far East generally. Recently a new departure has been taken, and the Review now gives papers on Trade, Commerce, and Descriptive notes of Travel by well-known writers. It was thought that by extending the scope of the Review in this direction, the Magazine would be made more generally useful.

The Review department receives special attention, and endeavours are made to present a careful and concise record of Literature on China, etc., and to give critiques embodying sketches of the most recent works on such topics. Authors and Publishers are invited to forward work to the Editor, "The Review," care of "China Mail Office."

The Notes and Queries are still continued, and form an important means of obtaining from and diffusing among students knowledge of obscure points.

The Correspondents' column also affords further and greater facilities for the interchange of views and discussion of various topics.

Original contributions in Chinese, Latin, or any of the Modern Languages are received. The papers are contributed by the members of the various Consular, the Imperial Customs, and Hongkong Services, and also by the Missionary bodies amongst whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is assiduously cultivated. Amongst the regular contributors are Drs. Schlesinger, Edel, Bratschneider, Hirth, and Haude, Professor Legge, and Messrs. Balfour, Watterson, Stent, Phillips, MacIntyre, Groot, Januszewski, Faber, Koschek, Parker, Playfair, Giles, and Piton, all well-known names, indicating of sound scholarship and thorough mastery of their subject.

The Subscription is fixed at \$10 per annum, postage included—payable in advance.

Orders for Binding volumes will be promptly attended to; Address, "Manuscript, China Mail Office."

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—All our learned societies should subscribe to this scholarly and enterprising Review."—Northern Christian Advocate (U.S.)

"The China Review" has an excellent table of contents.—"Celestial Empire."

The Publication always contains subjects of interest to sojourners in the Far East, and the present issue will hold favourable comparison with preceding numbers.—"Celestial Empire."

This number contains several articles of interest and value.—"North-China Herald," "The present number of this periodical, * * * opens with a review of the Foreign Trade of China during 1880. This is rather a new departure for a publication which professes to be purely literary, but covering the commercial and naval circulation of China, we hail the innovation as likely to recommend the Review to the notice of those who take an interest in few matters beyond mercantile pursuits."—"North-China Herald."

"The China Review" for September, October fully maintains the high standard of excellence which characterizes that publication, and altogether forms a very interesting and readable number. Metropolitans will find an interesting and valuable contribution by Dr. Frischau, on "The Amount of Precipitation (Rain and Snow) of Peking," showing the results of observations made at the Imperial Russian Observatory at Peking, from 1841 to 1860. "Notes on the Dutch Occupation of Formosa" by Mr. Geo. Phillips, contains some interesting information, although much of it is second-hand. The Notices of New Books include a most generous and appreciative review of "The Divine Classic of Nan-Hua," and the Notes and Queries are as usual very interesting.—"North-China Daily News."

A substantial and reliable Review which all students of China and the Chinese world do well to patronize."—Chrysanthemum.

"The November-December number of the China Review contains less variety than usual, but the few articles are very interesting. The opening paper by Mr. Herbert A. Giles on "The New Testament in Chinese" treats of a question that must necessarily be of great importance in the eyes of all missionaries."—Mr. E. H. Parker's "Short Journeys in Szechuan," are continued, and a goodly instalment of those travels in the interior of China is given. Ms F. H. Balfour contributes a paper of some length entitled "The Empire," which will be read with genuine interest by students of Chinese history. A few short notices of New Books and a number of Notes and Queries, one of which "On Chinese Oaths in Western, Burmese, and Java" might appropriately have been placed under a separate heading, complete the number."—H. K. Daily Press.

"Trubner's Oriental Record" contains the following notice of the China Review:—The present publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, somewhat similar to that which has been filled in India by the Collette Review. The great degree of attention that has been bestowed for years upon the investigation of Chinese literature, antiquities, and social developments, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of publicity as is now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body, among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated, and who are severally represented in the first number of the Review by papers highly creditable to their respective authors.

Some translations from Chinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Tung-yü, by Mr. E. G. Brown, is not only highly creditable, but is also distinguished by its literary grace.

Beside a series of new books relating to China and the East, which will be a useful feature of the Review, if carried out with purity and detail, we are glad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to find a place in its pages also. It is to be hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar degree of literary zeal to that which was displayed during the lifetime of its predecessor in the field, and that the China Review may receive the support necessary to insure its continuance.

Visitors' Column.

We have instituted as an experiment a VISITORS' COLUMN, which we trust will prove successful, and be found useful. To it will be relegated from time to time such items of information, lists, tables and other intelligence as is considered likely to prove valuable to persons passing through the City, and about which every intelligent person connected with China or Japan is desirous of acquiring trustworthy information. It includes many interesting Notes and original Papers on the Arts, Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History, Literature, Mythology, Natural History, Antiquities, and Social Manners and Customs, etc., etc., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, and the Far East generally. Recently a new departure has been taken, and the Review now gives papers on Trade, Commerce, and Descriptive notes of Travel by well-known writers. It was thought that by extending the scope of the Review in this direction, the Magazine would be made more generally useful.

The Review department receives special attention, and endeavours are made to present a careful and concise record of Literature on China, etc., and to give critiques embodying sketches of the most recent works on such topics. Authors and Publishers are invited to forward work to the Editor, "The Review," care of "China Mail Office."

The Notes and Queries are still continued, and form an important means of obtaining from and diffusing among students knowledge of obscure points.

The Correspondents' column also affords further and greater facilities for the interchange of views and discussion of various topics.

Original contributions in Chinese, Latin, or any of the Modern Languages are received. The papers are contributed by the members of the various Consular, the Imperial Customs, and Hongkong Services, and also by the Missionary bodies amongst whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is assiduously cultivated. Amongst the regular contributors are Drs. Schlesinger, Edel, Bratschneider, Hirth, and Haude, Professor Legge, and Messrs. Balfour, Watterson, Stent, Phillips, MacIntyre, Groot, Januszewski, Faber, Koschek, Parker, Playfair, Giles, and Piton, all well-known names, indicating of sound scholarship and thorough mastery of their subject.

The Subscription is fixed at \$10 per annum, postage included—payable in advance.

Orders for Binding volumes will be promptly attended to; Address, "Manuscript, China Mail Office."

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.—All our learned societies should subscribe to this scholarly and enterprising Review."—Northern Christian Advocate (U.S.)

"The China Review" has an excellent table of contents.—"Celestial Empire."

The Publication always contains subjects of interest to sojourners in the Far East, and the present issue will hold favourable comparison with preceding numbers.—"Celestial Empire."

This number contains several articles of interest and value.—"North-China Herald," "The present number of this periodical, * * * opens with a review of the Foreign Trade of China during 1880. This is rather a new departure for a publication which professes to be purely literary, but covering the commercial and naval circulation of China, we hail the innovation as likely to recommend the Review to the notice of those who take an interest in few matters beyond mercantile pursuits."—"North-China Herald."

"The China Review" for September, October fully maintains the high standard of excellence which characterizes that publication, and altogether forms a very interesting and readable number. Metropolitans will find an interesting and valuable contribution by Dr. Frischau, on "The Amount of Precipitation (Rain and Snow) of Peking," showing the results of observations made at the Imperial Russian Observatory at Peking, from 1841 to 1860. "Notes on the Dutch Occupation of Formosa" by Mr. Geo. Phillips, contains some interesting information, although much of it is second-hand. The Notices of New Books include a most generous and appreciative review of "The Divine Classic of Nan-Hua," and the Notes and Queries are as usual very interesting.—"North-China Daily News."

"Trubner's Oriental Record" contains the following notice of the China Review:—The present publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, somewhat similar to that which has been filled in India by the Collette Review. The great degree of attention that has been bestowed for years upon the investigation of Chinese literature, antiquities, and social developments, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of publicity as is now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body, among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated, and who are severally represented in the first number of the Review by papers highly creditable to their respective authors.

Some translations from Chinese novels and plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Tung-yü, by Mr. E. G. Brown, is not only highly creditable, but is also distinguished by its literary grace.

Beside a series of new books relating to China and the East, which will be a useful feature of the Review, if carried out with purity and detail, we are glad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to find a place in its pages also. It is to be hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar degree of literary zeal to that which was displayed during the lifetime of its predecessor in the field, and that the China Review may receive the support necessary to insure its continuance.

SHARE LIST.—QUOTATIONS. JUNE 26, 1882.

Stocks.	No. of Shares.	Value.	Paid up.	Reserve.	Working Account.	Last Dividend.	Closing Quotations.	Cash.
BANKS.								
HK. and S'ha' Bank.	40,000	\$ 125	\$ 125	\$ 2,100,000	\$ 63,639.45	40	* 122 1/2 = 8277 1/2	
INSTANCES.								
Nth. China Ins.	1,000	\$ 2,000	\$ 100	\$ 252,600	\$ 603,700	100	* 75 = 1122 Div ex div	
Yangtze Ins.	1,200	\$ 350	\$ 350	\$ 500,483	\$ 18,447.56	18 1/2	* 75 = 850 p. sh.	
Union Ins. Soc.	500	\$ 2,500	\$ 500	\$ 384,597	\$ 437,083.68	162.00	* 80 = \$1625	
China Traders Insurance.	600	\$ 1660.66	\$ 500	\$ 475,000	\$ 91,925.49	20	* 80 = \$1650	
China Ins. Office.	10,000	\$ 250	\$ 50					
Chinese Ins. Co.	1,500	\$ 1,000	\$ 200	\$ 100,378.5	\$ 77.42	0%	* 80 = \$1325	
H.K. Fire Ins.	2,000	\$ 8	\$ 100	\$ 823,842.8	\$ 263,403.72	\$75	* 80 = \$1360	
China Fire Ins.	4,000	\$ 500	\$ 100	\$ 493,632.8	\$ 144,635.91	18%	* 80 = \$1310	
STEAM COMPANIES.								
H.K. C. & M. Steamboat.	8,000	\$ 100	\$ 75	\$ 135,000	\$ 18,908.06	5%	* 8104	
MISCELLANEOUS.								
H.K. & Wh'poa Dock.	10,000	\$ 125	\$ 125	\$ 147,563.73	\$ 3,180.63	4%	* 80 = \$187 1/2 p. sh.	
H.K. and China Gas Co.	5,000	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 7,480				
Public Gardens.								
Government House, North of Public Gardens.								
City Hall, Library (8,000 volumes) and Museum.—Free.								
Public Gardens, a beautifully picturesque retreat and of great interest.								
The Clock Tower, Queen's Road (entral), in full with Pedder's Wharf.								
General Post Office, Hongkong Club, German Club, Supreme Court, &c., within a stone's throw.								
Luzon Sugar Co.	7,000	\$ 100	\$ 100					
LOANS.								
Chi. Imp., 1874. 6,275 £. 100 all 8% June 30 Dec 31								
" 1877. 15,049 £. 100 all 8% Feb. 24 Ag 31								
" 1878. 3,899 £. 500 all 8% Apr. 1 Oct. 1								
" 1881. 8,565 £. 500 all 8% June 16 Dec 10								
Rates of Interest.								
Chi. Imp., 1874. 6,275 £. 100 all 8% June 30 Dec 31								
" 1877. 15,049 £. 100 all 8% Feb. 24 Ag 31								
" 1878. 3,899 £. 500 all 8% Apr. 1 Oct. 1								
" 1881. 8,565 £. 500 all 8% June 16 Dec 10								
Sugar Debentures, 1880. 600 £. 500 all 8% June 1 & Dec.								

* For half-year ended 31st Dec., 1881.—Report issued in October, above 1st interim Bonus and Dividend for 1881.—To 30th April, 1881.—\$ For year 1880.

EDWARD GEORGE, Share Broker.

(Revised January 1st, 1882.)

In the following Statements and Tables the Rates are given in cents, and are for Letters per half ounce, for Books and Patterns, per two ounces.

Newspapers over four ounces in weight are charged as double, triple, etc., as the case may be, but such papers or packets of two papers may be sent at Book Rate. Two Newspapers must not be folded together as one, nor may anything whatever be inserted except bona fide Supplements. Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices Current may be paid either as Newspapers or Books.

Commercial Papers signify such papers as, though written by Hand, do not bear the character of an actual or personal correspondence, such as invoices, deeds, copies music, &c. The charge on them is the same as for books, but, whatever the weight of a packet containing any partially written paper, it will not be charged less than 5 cents.

The sender of any Registered Article may accompany it with a Return Receipt on paying an extra fee of 5 cents.

The limit of weight for Books and Commercial Papers to Foreign Post Offices is 4 lbs. Patterns for such offices are limited to 2 oz. and must not exceed these dimensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2 inches.

Postage to Union Countries. General Rates, by any route:—

Letters, 10 cents per 1/2 oz. Post Cards, 3 cents each. Registration, 10 cents. Newspapers, 2 cents each. Books, Patterns, 1/2 cent per 2 oz. Gomm Papers, 1/2 cent per oz.

There is no charge on redirected correspondence within the Postal Union.

Postage to Non-Union Countries. Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, and Fiji, via Torres Straits, Letters, 10; Registration, 10; Newspapers, 2; Books and Patterns, 2; Via Golds, Letters, 25; Registration, 10; Newspapers, 2; Books and Patterns, 2.

Natal, the Cape, St. Helena, Ascension, Bolivia, Costa Rica, Letters, 25; Registration, 10; Newspapers, 5; Books and Patterns, 5.

Single Trip. Four Coolies, \$1.00. Three Coolies, 85 cents. Two Coolies, 70 cents.

Return (direct or by Pek-foo-lum). Four Coolies, \$1.50. Three Coolies, 1.20. Two Cool